

Brookside Physical Therapy

8501 N Bryant St, Ste 130, Westminster, CO, 80031 Phone: (303) 428-4646

DRY NEEDLING CONSENT & INFORMATION FORM

What is Dry Needling?

Dry needling is a form of therapy in which fine filament needles are inserted into myofascial trigger points (painful knots in muscles), tendons, ligaments, or near nerves in order to stimulate a healing response in painful musculoskeletal conditions. Dry needling is not acupuncture or Oriental Medicine, it does not have the purpose of altering the flow of energy ("Qi") along traditional Chinese meridians for the treatment of diseases. In fact, dry needling is a modern, science-based intervention for the treatment of pain and dysfunction in musculoskeletal conditions such as neck pain, shoulder impingement, tennis elbow, carpal tunnel syndrome, headaches, knee pain, shin splints, plantar fasciitis, or low-back pain and others.

Is Dry Needling Safe?

Dry needling is very safe; however, serious side effects can occur in less than 1 per 10,000 (less than 0.01%) treatments. The most common serious side effect from dry needling is pneumothorax (lung collapse due to air inside the chest wall). The symptoms of dry needling-induced pneumothorax commonly do not occur until after the treatment session, sometimes taking several hours to develop. The signs and symptoms of a pneumothorax may include shortness of breath on exertion, increased breathing rate, chest pain, a dry cough, bluish discoloration of the skin, or excessive sweating. If such signs and/or symptoms occur, you should immediately contact your PT, physician, or Urgent Care/Emergency Room. Dizziness occurs after treatment in a small number of patients (1-3%) and if affected, you are advised not to drive. Minor bleeding or bruising occurs in 60-70% of treatments. Existing symptoms can get worse after treatment (less than 3% of patients); however, this is not necessarily a "bad" sign. Fainting can occur in certain patients (0.3%), particularly at the first treatment session when needling the head or neck regions. Nerves or blood vessels may be damaged from dry needling which can result in pain, numbness or tingling; however, this is a very rare event and is usually temporary. Damage to internal organs has been reported in the medical literature following dry needling; however, these are extremely rare events (1 in 200,000).

Is there anything your Physical Therapist needs to know?

- 1. Have you ever fainted or experienced a seizure? YES / NO
- 2. Do you have a pacemaker or any other electrical implant: YES / NO
- 3. Are you currently taking blood thinners (warfarin, coumadin, etc.)? YES / NO
- 4. Are you currently taking antibiotics for an infection? YES / NO
- 5. Do you have a damaged heart valve, metal prostheses or other risk of infection? YES / NO
- 6. Are you pregnant or actively trying for a pregnancy? YES / NO
- 7. Do you suffer from metal allergies? YES / NO
- 8. Are you a diabetic or do you suffer from impaired wound healing? YES / NO
- 9. Do you have hepatitis B, hepatitis C, HIV, or any other infectious disease? YES / NO

Only single-use, disposable needles are used in this clinic.

STATEMENT OF CONSENT

I confirm that I have read and understand the above information, and I consent to having dry needling treatments. I understand that I can refuse treatment at any time.

Print Name: _____

Signature: _____